
Foreign
Direct
Investment in
the United
States,
Preliminary
2018

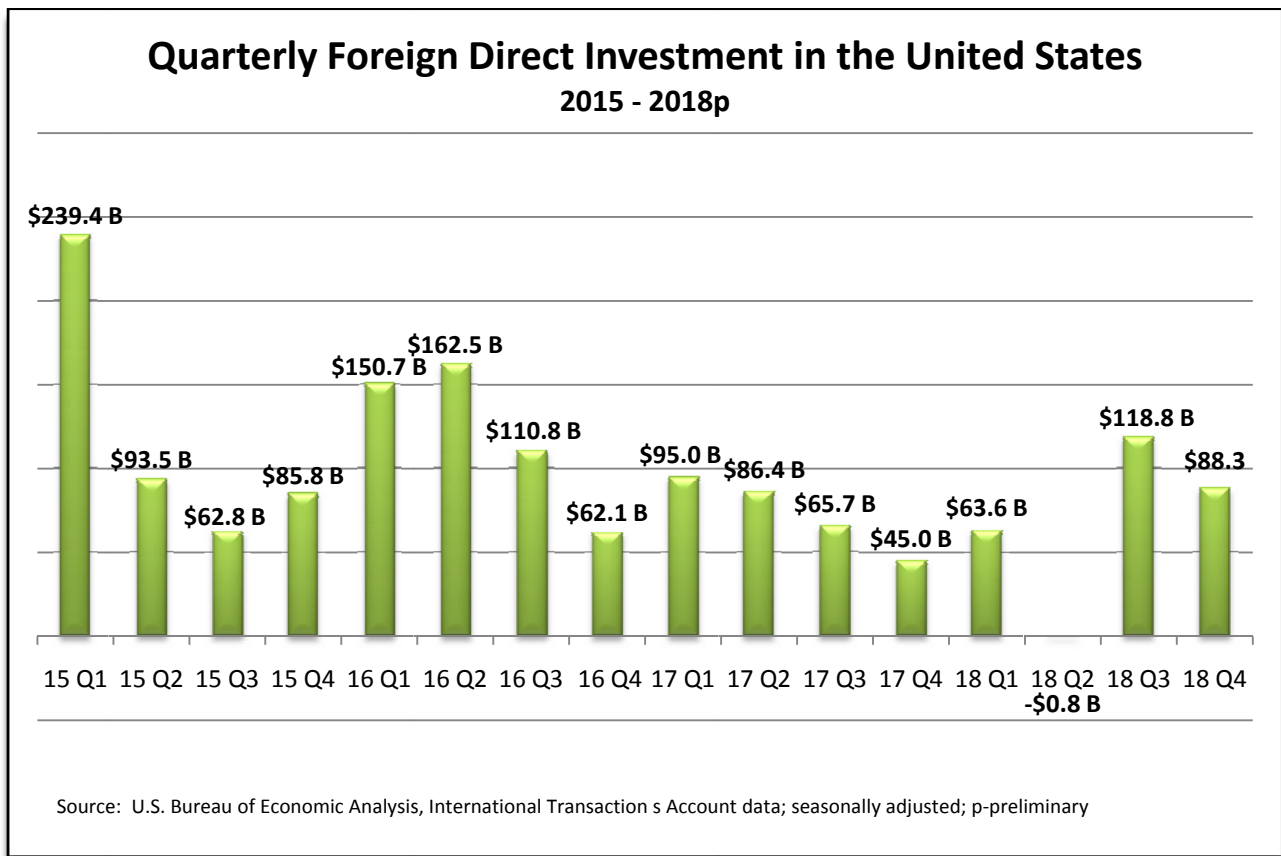
Organization for
International
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FOREIGN DIRECT INVESTMENT IN THE UNITED STATES

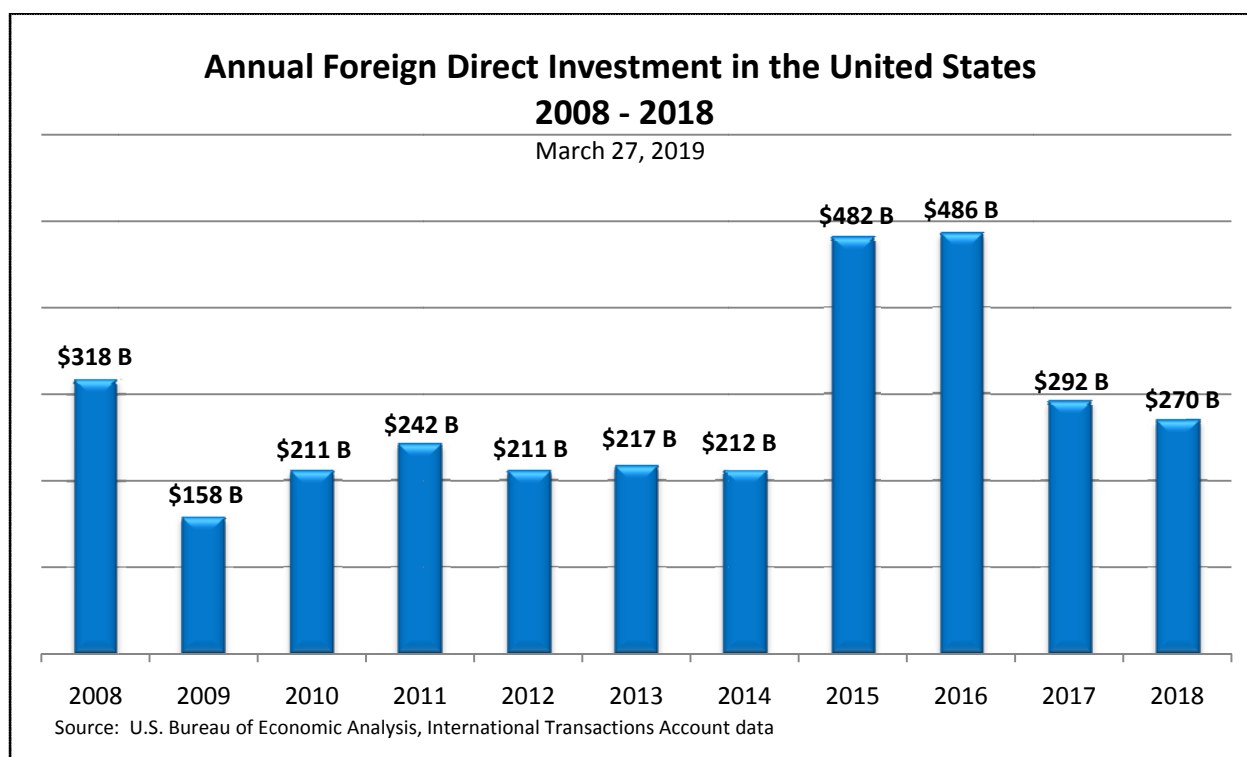
Foreign Direct Investment in the United States, 2015-2018¹

- Foreign direct investment in the United States (FDIUS)² totaled \$88.3 billion in the fourth-quarter 2018. This compares to FDIUS flows of \$119 billion in the previous quarter.
- Net equity flows made up \$69 billion in fourth-quarter 2018 inward investment.
- Reinvestment of earnings totaled \$31 billion in the fourth-quarter 2018, down 16 percent from the third quarter.
- Foreign direct investment in the United States amounted to \$270 billion for 2018, making it the fifth-strongest year for FDIUS over the past decade. However, it is dwarfed by two record-breaking years of FDIUS recorded in 2015 and 2016, at \$482 billion and \$486 billion, respectively.
- Quarterly FDIUS flows are subject to large revisions and can fluctuate greatly from quarter to quarter. While the United States remains an attractive investment location, global competition for foreign investment dollars is increasing as more developing countries position themselves as investment destinations.



¹ The U.S. Bureau of Economic Analysis released preliminary 4th quarter 2018 foreign direct investment statistics on March 27, 2019.

² Foreign direct investment in the United States measures equity capital flows, reinvestment of earnings, and debt instruments between U.S. affiliates and their parents abroad.



Analysis & Context

Fourth-quarter 2018 foreign direct investment flows in the United States registered \$88 billion, following a strong investment of \$119 billion in the third quarter. Foreign direct investment flows in fourth-quarter 2018 were the third strongest over the past two years.

Foreign direct investment in the United States in 2018 was down eight percent from 2017 and down 44 percent from the record-breaking level attained in 2016.

Globally, inward FDI fell 19 percent to \$1.2 trillion in 2018 from the previous year, according to the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development (UNCTAD)—this was the third consecutive drop.

The United States maintained its number one position in the world as a destination for FDI in 2018. UNCTAD projects that global FDI flows in 2019 will make somewhat of a rebound, but below the average over the past several years.

Looking at foreign direct investment more broadly, international companies invest in the United States for many reasons. A list of positive factors include the large U.S. market, world-class research universities, a stable regulatory regime, and a solid infrastructure that allows businesses to easily access the U.S. market. For certain international investors, the United States has become an important global export platform. Good domestic energy resources and low energy prices also draw international investors to the United States.

These investments benefit the American economy as international firms build new factories across the United States, buoy their well established U.S. operations, fund American research and development activities, and employ 7.1 million Americans in well-paying jobs.

Whether the United States will retain its status as the world's most attractive investment location hinges on macroeconomic policy decisions, both in the United States and abroad. While U.S. tax reform generally improved U.S. economic competitiveness, recent trade policy actions have injected a tremendous level of uncertainty into the U.S. business climate for international companies.